

# English Pupil's Book



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Ministerul Educației, Culturii și Cercetării al Republicii Moldova

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# 1 Let's learn.

# School

School bells are ringing, loud and clear Vacation is over, school is here.

We take our pencils and our books And say goodbye to fields and brooks,

To carefree days of sunny hours, To birds and butterflies and flowers.

When autumn comes and the weather is cool, Nothing can take the place of school.

Winifred C. Marshal

**Responses** 





# Listen and repeat.

### Greetings

Hello! It's good to see you. I am glad to see you. Hi, how are you? Good to see you too. Me too. Great, thanks. And you?

# 3

# Read and role play.

Andy: Hello, Sandy. It's good to see you.
Sandy: Hi, Andy. Good to see you too. How are you?
Andy: Great, thanks. And you?
Sandy: Fine, thank you. Did you have fun in the summer?
Andy: Yes, I did.



# **Back to school**

Write the words and the word combinations in the right column.





Let's learn.







playground







teachers' room

# 2 Read the sentences about your school and say True or False.

- 1. My school is large and new.
- 2. There are three English classrooms in it.
- 3. The teachers' room is on the ground floor.
- 4. The gym is on the second floor.
- 5. There is a canteen on the ground floor.
- 6. There are two computer classrooms on the first floor.
- 7. There is a library on the second floor.





Work in groups. Make a list of the rooms in your school.





Listen to the questions about your school and answer them.

#### Read about Sam's school. Do you like it?



The name of my school is Sugarland. It is in Washington, D.C. It is a very good school. It is located in a green area, away from the noise of the city. My school is not very big, it has only a ground floor and a first floor. There is a big playground for us to play. There are large classrooms in my school.

### In pairs, talk about your school.

What is the name of your school? Where is it located? Is it big or small? Is there a playground? Are there classrooms on the ground floor?

Write five sentences about your school.

1) Let's learn.

# SCHOOL RULES

Come to school on time. Raise your hand. Listen to your teacher. Do your homework. Be respectful. Be helpful. Don't interrupt. Don't fight.

# 2) In pairs, make a list of your classroom rules.

#### 3 **J**Listen to the text and answer the question.

Do you think Sandy is late now?





It is 9 o'clock in the morning. The pupils are in the classroom. They are having a lesson. Andy is sitting alone. His deskmate Sandy is not in the classroom. He is **usually** late. He **often** oversleeps. When he comes to school late, he says, "I am sorry I am late." And every time he promises to come to school on time.

- 1. It is nine o'clock in the morning.
- 2. The pupils are in the gym.
- 3. Andy often oversleeps.
- 4. Sandy is not in the classroom.
- 5. Sandy feels sorry when he comes on time.

# **School rules**



# Speak about yourself.

When do you usually come to school? Are you sometimes late? Do you often go to the library? Do you have English every day?

usually sometimes often every day

#### Look and say what you usually do and don't do at school.



swim



run

greet



sleep



fight



draw



read

Arrange the words into sentences. 1. draw at school We sometimes every morning our teachers **2.** *greet* We don't run in school 3. usually We don't sleep at the lessons 4. We

8) Write five sentences about the things you usually do and don't do at school.

# Unit 1

#### Let's learn.

```
Romanian
English
maths
history
science
IT
music
PE
technology
art
```





### 2) Look at the timetable and answer the questions.

- 1. When do lessons begin?
- 2. What lessons does Sam have on Tuesday?
- 3. How many lessons a day does he have?
- 4. When does he have English?
- 5. What afterschool activities does he have?

# 3 In pairs, compare Sam's timetable with your timetable. 9 o'clock. We begin our lessons at ... 9 o'clock.

Why is English important? Listen and choose the correct answers.



# 5) Read and say what Andy's favourite subject is.

good – better

Vicky: Do you have many lessons tomorrow?

- Andy: Yes, I have maths, Romanian, history, English and music.
- Vicky: Did you do your homework yesterday?
- Andy: Sure. I did English first.
- Vicky: I know English is your favourite subject.
- **Kate:** It's my favourite subject too. I think it is very important to know English. You can talk to people from different countries.
- **Andy:** And you can learn the computer better. It also helps to understand English songs and to find friends online.

Vicky: My favourite subject is maths.

- Kate: And you are good at it.
- Vicky: Thank you, Kate.



6 In pairs, talk about school subjects. Use the words below.

interestingboringdifficulteasyimportantI like maths. I think it is<br/>easy. Do you like maths?No, I think maths is<br/>difficult. I like history.

7

What do you do at these lessons? Read and match.

music	
science	
English	
art	
maths	
PE	

We listen, speak, read and translate. We sing merry songs. We count and do sums. We run, jump, and play games. We draw and paint. We learn about nature.



8) Write five sentences about your favourite subjects.

# Unit 1



### 2 Read the conversation and say if you like the children's game. Why? / Why not?

- Andy: Let's play a game! I'm your teacher Mr Dream.
- Kate: You are a funny teacher, Mr Dream.
- **Andy:** Sit down, please. Who is on duty today?
- Sandy: I'm on duty, Mr New Teacher.
- Andy: Clean the board, please.
- Sandy: How boring!
- Andy: Here is your homework.
- **Nick:** Our homework? No, thank you,

Mr Dream. Now you are the teacher, Stacy.



**Stacy:** OK. Sandy, is that a pencil case on your desk?

lex

- Sandy: No, it isn't. It's my new phone.
- **Stacy:** A phone? Bring it to me.
- **Sandy:** No, it's my phone. Who's the new teacher now?

**Teacher:** I am the teacher now. Sorry, I am late.

# 3 Read again. Agree or disagree.

- 1. The pupils are in the school yard.
- 2. The teacher is late.
- 3. The pupils are sad.
- 4. 'Mr Dream' is a funny teacher.
- 5. Sandy likes cleaning the board.

No, they are in the classroom. It's true.

- 6. Sandy's phone is in his bag.
- 7. The pupils don't like their game.

# A school day



# **Lesson Six**

# Unit 1



### Let's learn.

She has **some** books in English. Do you have **any** books in English? We don't have **any** books in English.



# Look at the picture, listen and say <u>Yes</u> or <u>No</u>.



#### Answer the questions.

Do you have a library in your school? Are there any books in English? Are there any books in German?



Are there any computers in your library?



# Listen and read. Say why Andy is sorry.

- Andy: Guess what I have, Vicky!
- Vicky: Is it a puzzle?
- **Andy:** No, it's a book. It's *Alice in Wonderland* by Lewis Carroll. He is an English writer.
- **Vicky:** There are **some** beautiful pictures in it. Look, there is a rabbit in white gloves. How funny!
- Andy: Yes, it is. It's a pity we don't have any English books at home.
- Vicky: Let's buy some.



# Here is the beginning of *Alice in Wonderland*. Read and find the characters in the picture above, page 14. Describe them.

Alice was very tired. She wanted to read her sister's book, but it was boring. There were no pictures in it. Suddenly she saw a white rabbit with pink eyes. Alice liked his black coat and white gloves. She ran after him...





Unit 1

# Be helpful

# Read and answer the questions.

# **Old Apple-Seed John**

Once there was an old man. He lived in a little house. He was kind and helpful. He loved people and people loved him. What can I do to make people happy? What can I do for them?



# Why did the man like people?



Old John liked apples. He ate apples and saved all the seeds and put them into a bag.

#### Why did he save the apple seeds?

One day, Old John locked the door of his little house and went away. He carried a bag of apple seeds on his back. All summer he planted the apple seeds along the roads.

#### What did he do all summer?



Fine trees grew from the seeds which he planted. Every autumn they gave many apples. People often stopped to eat some apples and to sit under the beautiful apple trees. They all thanked Old Apple-Seed John.

#### Why did people thank Old Apple-Seed John?

#### Read again and say *True* or *False*.

- 1. Old John lived in a palace.
- 2. Everybody liked him.
- 3. Old John wanted to help people. 7. People thanked Old John for his
- 4. He didn't like apples.

- 5. He planted pear trees.
- 6. People stopped to eat some apples.
- 7. People thanked Old John for his apples.
- How can you help people? Write three sentences.



# Can you describe the rabbit from the story Alice in Wonderland?

Unit 1

# **Time for self-assessment**



# **Family and Friends**



# Listen to the song. Choose the correct answer. The song is about:

1. a family tree2. a family holiday3. a family business

Unit 2

# My big family





The family tree, the family tree We are all part of the family tree I am a grandson and a cousin. I am a nephew and a son. I am a brother and I am ME The family tree, the family tree. Can you find me on the family tree?



오 Go to page 82



### Complete the poem. Read it.

We are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_, And we go to school. We help one another, This is a good rule. mother father sister brother We help our \_\_\_\_\_ When she washes or cooks. Together with \_\_\_\_\_ We like to read books.





#### In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

Do you have any sisters or brothers? Do you help one another? How do you help your parents?

What do you like to do together with your family?

# Use the words below to complete the sentences.

### go get up walk gets up likes like

Alex and his family \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the seaside in summer. They usually go there for two weeks. His father and mother \_\_\_\_\_\_ early. Alex \_\_\_\_\_\_ at nine o'clock in the morning. They all go to the beach. Alex \_\_\_\_\_\_ swimming, his mother and father \_\_\_\_\_\_ playing netball. In the afternoon they \_\_\_\_\_\_ along the beach.





# Read and say if the Stans are happy. Why?

Mr Stan: Get up! We have a surprise for you.
Vicky: A surprise?
Mrs Stan: Here's a letter from Aunt Diana and Uncle Mihai.
Andy: What is it about?
Mr Stan: It's an invitation to spend the weekend with them.
Vicky: Hurray! We'll see our cousin Alex.
Andy: We'll have a lot of fun in the village.
Vicky: Shall we go there by car?
Mr Stan: I think so.

# In groups, talk about what Andy and Vicky will take to the village. Each can choose only 3 things.



Talk about five things you will do before visiting your cousins in the village.



#### Read and think of a title.

# TITLE

Andy's family are going to visit their relatives in the village. They are going to spend the weekend there. Mother is going to buy a box of chocolates as a present for Aunt Diana. Andy is going to take his camera and his favourite book. Vicky is going to take her new puzzle and show it to her Aunt Diana.

They will take a bottle of water and some hamburgers in case they get hungry and thirsty. Father will drive the car.

### Read and complete the dialogue.

- Andy: Can you help me pack my things, Vicky?Vicky: Sure. Shall I give you the camera?
- Andy: Yes, please.
- Vicky: \_\_\_\_\_
- Andy: Yes.
- Vicky: \_\_\_\_\_
- Andy: Sure.



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#### Say what Andy is not going to do.

- 1. Andy / stay at home.
- 2. He / see his friend.
- 3. He / play football.

- 4. He / ride his bike.
- 5. He / write a test.
- 6. He / take his robot.

#### Talk to your deskmate about the future. Use will or won't.

In the year 2050, children won't go to school.

Teachers \_\_\_\_\_ be robots. People \_\_\_\_\_ read books. People \_\_\_\_\_ live on the Jupiter. Everybody \_\_\_\_\_ have a personal computer.

# Unit 2



Write the names of fruits and vegetables under the right title.

Many

Much







# Find the answers to the riddles.

- 1) The outside is a shell, The inside is meat, It grows on a tree, And is good to eat.
- 2) A little, little man, In a red, red coat, A stick in his hand And a stone in his throat.
- 3) Little old uncle, dressed in brown; Take off his coat, How the tears run down!





# Read and role-play.

Mrs Plop: Shall we have tea in the garden?Mrs Stan: That's a good idea! The weather is wonderful.

- Vicky: Here are some chocolates for you.
- Alex: Thank you! These are my favourite chocolates!
- **Mrs Plop:** Alex, will you bring the cake?
- Vicky: Shall I bring some strawberry jam?
- **Mrs Plop:** Sure, you can bring some apricot jam too. And I will get the tea ready.



Mr Plop: Shall I wash some apples and pears?Mrs Plop: And don't forget the grapes.

Read again and say who makes the following suggestions.





# Read the statements and use the clues to respond to them as in the example.

- **Example:** There are few trees in our park. Shall we plant more trees?
- 1. There isn't much food for animals in winter.
- 2. These bird houses are old.
- 3. The banks of the river are not clean.
- 4. Our dog feels bad.
- 5. The picnic was wonderful! We can't leave the paper bags here.

make new bird houses take them with us leave food in special places plant more trees take it to the vet clean the banks





Read. Look at the pictures in Exercise 1 and find the children.

I am ten. I am tall and slim. I have a round face and short hair. My nose is small and I have big blue eyes.

> I am nine. I am strong. I have short brown hair and big hazel eyes. My mouth and nose are small.

I am eleven. I am not very tall. I have short, black curly hair. My face is round. I have big brown eyes and a pretty nose.

> I am eight. I am short and thin. I have long brown hair and big brown eyes. My face is round. My nose and mouth are pretty.



#### Look and complete the sentences.



This is Tania. She is \_\_\_\_\_. Her hair is \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_. Her eyes are \_\_\_\_\_. She is pretty.

This is Dan. He is \_\_\_\_\_. His hair is \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_. His eyes are \_\_\_\_\_. He is smart.



Listen and complete Egor's profile.

Name	
Age	
City	
Hobby	
Appearance	

# In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

What is your best friend's name? What does your friend look like? What is your friend's hobby?

In the wordsearch, find the words that describe appearance. Write them down.



Look at the picture and describe Egor and his friend Farah.

0







# A friend in need

Amy and Betty are having an art lesson. They are drawing a tree. The girls have a lot of coloured pencils. Amy colours the leaves of her tree green. Betty doesn't have a green pencil and she can not colour the leaves.



Unit 2



### Look at the picture and describe Amy and Betty.

# Read and say *True* or *False*.

- 1. Amy and Betty are pupils.
- 2. Betty borrows Amy's pencil.
- 3. They are having maths.
- 4. Betty is drawing a flower.



- 5. Amy is drawing a tree.
- 6. Betty has a green pencil.
- 7. Amy colours the leaves green.
- 8. Betty blushes.

#### In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

- 1. Where are Betty and Amy?
- 2. What lesson are they having?
- 3. What are they drawing?
- 4. Why does Betty ask for a green pencil?
- 5. Why doesn't she borrow Amy's pencil?
- 6. Why does Amy blush?



In pairs, make up dialogues.

May I borrow your book? Yes, you may. May I play a computer game? No, sorry.

Andy			Mrs Stan
May I	give Stacy my bike? go for a walk with Sam? cook dinner today? watch this film too? play computer games?	Yes, you may. No, sorry.	It's for adults only. Only tell her to take care. It's too late. What are you going to cook? Only don't stay long.



# Fill in the gaps with *can* or *may*.

- 1. You <u>take my pen.</u>
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ you draw a horse?
- 3. He \_\_\_\_\_ play the piano.
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ I go home?
- 5. She \_\_\_\_\_ speak English.
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_ I come in?

# Unit **2**



# Read and say if Andy is a good friend. Why?

# A good friend

Sandy is very unhappy. He is sick. He caught a cold and is in bed now. He has a sore throat and a runny nose. He sneezes and coughs all the time. He is very sad. He should stay in bed and not play games. Sandy thinks of Andy who is at school now learning new things. Sandy feels miserable. He misses his friends and school.

Suddenly he hears a knock at the door.

- Who's there? Sandy asks in a weak voice.
- It's me. May I come in?

Sandy is glad to hear Andy's friendly voice.

### Ask and answer the questions.

- 1. Why is Sandy sad?
- 2. What does he do all the time?
- 3. What should he do?

- 4. Who is Sandy thinking of?
- 5. Who does Sandy miss?
- 6. Why does he feel better?

# A good friend



### Find the rhyming words and read the poem.

#### **Mr Lazy chant**

He should feed his cat.
He should clean his \_\_\_\_\_.
But he can't because he's Mr Lazy.
He should read a book.
He should learn to \_\_\_\_\_.
But he can't because he's Mr Lazy.

### Fill in the blanks with *should* or *shouldn't*.

- 1. Mary has a sore throat. She \_\_\_\_\_ eat ice cream.
- 2. Andy is hungry. He \_\_\_\_\_ have lunch.
- 3. The children are tired. They \_\_\_\_\_ play computer games all day.
- 4. Sandy is late. He \_\_\_\_\_ get up earlier.
- 5. Mary \_\_\_\_\_ stay at home all day.
- 6. Nick coughs all the time. He \_\_\_\_\_\_ see a doctor.
- 7. Ann is not sick. She \_\_\_\_\_see a doctor.

# Match the words and write the word combinations.



Make up four sentences with word combinations from Exercise 8.





Read and say what English and American people do at Christmas.



Do you know that...

...English and American people celebrate Christmas on 25 December. It is a religious holiday, the birth of Jesus Christ. People decorate their homes and usually have a Christmas tree. On Christmas Eve, children hang a Christmas stocking in their rooms. On Christmas night, Father Christmas comes and fills it with chocolates and small presents. He travels in a sleigh pulled by eight reindeer that can fly.

#### Fill in the dialogue. Use words from *Do you know that...*.

- A: When do English and American people \_\_\_\_\_ Christmas?
- **B:** On 25 \_\_\_\_\_.
- A: Do they \_\_\_\_\_ their homes?
- **B:** Yes. They usually have a Christmas \_\_\_\_\_. Do you know where English and American children find their \_\_\_\_\_?
- A: In Christmas \_\_\_\_\_.

# Christmas





### Can you write the names under the pictures?

Hello! My name is Max and this is my family. My sister's name is Helen. My brother's name is John. My mother's name is Stacy and my father's name is Mike. My grandparents are Lucy and Philip. My father has a sister and a brother. His sister's name is Nina. She is my aunt. His brother's name is Boris. He is my uncle. I have a cousin. Her name is Kate.





### Can you guess who is who?



Tom is thin. He has short brown hair. His nose is small. He has hazel eyes. Liz is not very tall. Her face is oval. She has long dark hair. Her eyes are dark.





Alice has long blond hair and blue eyes. Her face is oval. Her nose and mouth are pretty. Bill is tall and thin. He has an oval face. His hair is curly and golden.



# Can you use *much* and *many*?

- 1. There are \_\_\_\_\_ fruits on the table.
- 2. There is \_\_\_\_\_ milk.
- 3. There is \_\_\_\_\_ water.

- 4. There are \_\_\_\_\_ vegetables.
- 5. There are \_\_\_\_\_ chocolates.
- 6. There is \_\_\_\_\_ sugar.



### Can you say what they are like?

- 1. Amy always helps people. She is very \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Mike often makes presents. He is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. I like to visit Nick's family. They are all very \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. My dog is a \_\_\_\_\_ friend.





# **Time for self-assessment**

1. I can describe my friend.	My friend is His/ Her He / She is		
2. I can ask polite questions.	<ol> <li>You want to borrow your friend's book.</li> <li>You want to play a game.</li> <li>You want to go out.</li> <li>You want to visit your cousin.</li> </ol>		
3. I can make recommendations.	A: I am so tired. A: I am thirsty. A: I have a runny nose. A: I am sad.	B: You B: You B: You B: You	<mark>@</mark>
# Sharing Impressions

Unit 3



- 1. Who is the author of the Email?
- 2. Who does he write to?
- 3. Who is Val?

- 4. Where is Val now?
- 5. Where is Sinaia?

6. Who is the Email for?

### 5) Read again and choose the correct answer.

- 1. Andy and his friends are sharing impressions of *summer/winter* vacation.
- 2. Andy and his family were in San Francisco / Sinaia.
- 3. Andy is *happy / unhappy* to be with his classmates and teachers.
- 4. Andy's pictures are good / bad.

# 6 Let's talk.



# Read and choose the right form.

Sandy know / knows a lot of interesting stories. He like / likes to share them with Timmy, his younger brother. Timmy enjoy / enjoys them. In the picture,

Sandy is telling / tells him about Coca Cola. At first, it is / was a medicine. In 1886, an American doctor gives / gave it to his patients. Later, another doctor start / started to sell it as a drink. People likes / liked it. Today Coca Cola is / was a very popular drink.









boxing



cycling



hockey



skating

fishing

skiing



# In pairs, make a list of your favourite sports.

# Read and say if Andy's father is a good sportsman.

The Stans had an exciting vacation in Sinaia. The weather was fine. It was cold but not very frosty. Everything was white with snow.

There were many sports competitions in Sinaia. The Stans took part in most of them. Andy's father was the first in the skiing competition. Andy and Vicky were proud of their father.

# Read again. Agree or disagree.

- 1. The Stans didn't like their vacation in Sinaia.
- 2. The weather was good.
- 3. There were no competitions.
- 4. Andy's father took part in the skating competition.
- 5. His children were proud of him.

5 Complet	te the senten	ces with <i>me</i> ,	him, you, her, t	them.
Example		am proud	e first in the skiir of <b>him</b> .	ng competition.
Nick:	r: Kate was th I am proud o r: Me too.		swimming comp	petition.
	Hel	•	von the hockey ud of o.	match.
Kate:	I was the bes I am proud c too.		competition on	Sunday.
names.	pairs. Read t Group them i nd <mark>summer</mark> s	nto		l say what Peter is fond ou solve his riddle?
boxing	swimming hockey	• •		It doesn't have feet, but it jumps. What is it?

# 8) In groups, talk about the last sport competition in your school.

- 1. When was it?
- 2. What sport competition was it?
- 3. How many pupils participated?
- 4. Did you participate?
- 5. Who was the winner?
- 6. Did you like the competition?
- Write what your favourite sports are.



Unit 3





A bus is fast.

A train is faster.

A plane is the fastest.

large - larger - the largestbad - worse - the worstold - older - the oldestmany - more - the mostgood - better - the bestmuch - more - the most

# Choose the right form and read the sentences.

- 1. Nights are longer / the longest in winter than in summer.
- 2. Days are *shorter / the shortest* in winter than in summer.
- 3. A mouse is *smaller / the smallest* than a cat.
- 4. Nick has more / the most books in English than in Romanian.
- 5. Andy is older / the oldest than Vicky.
- 6. In November the weather is *worse / the worst* than in May.
- 7. Two heads are *good / better* than one.

# 3) In pairs, discuss the answers to the questions.

- 1. What is the longest river in Moldova?
- 2. What is the largest city in Moldova?
- 3. What is the oldest fortress in Moldova?
- 4. What is the biggest village in Moldova?
- 5. What is the smallest church in Moldova?



# Do you know that...

...there are fifty states in the USA. The largest state is Alaska, and the smallest state is Rhode Island.

# 4



Dear all, It was nice to get your Email. School is fine. I'm doing well in all my subjects. I have a lot of friends here. They are from different countries, but they all speak English. My best friend is from San Diego and he sometimes invites me to his place. Last month they invited me to celebrate Christmas with them. It was

a very warm family party. We had **turkey**, **mashed potatoes**, vegetables and Christmas **pudding** for dinner.Wewent to see a football game in the afternoon.

I'm sending some pictures in the attachment.

Hugs and kisses,

Val







1. Does Val like school in the USA?

- 2. They see / saw a football game in the afternoon.
- 3. They have / had turkey, vegetables and pudding for Christmas dinner.
- 4. People *celebrate / celebrates* the birth of Jesus Christ at Christmas.
- 5. Val send / sent pictures from the USA in the attachment.

# Unit **3**



# Read and learn about the capital of the USA.

Washington, D.C. is the capital of the United States. It has wide streets, parks and beautiful buildings. These buildings tell the history of the United States. The White House is a very famous building in Washington. This is the home of the president. Washington is very special in spring. It is cherry blossom time.





### Listen and choose the right word.

George Washington became the first president / king of the USA in 1789. All his children / men respected him. He was a great / famous leader. He was honest and generous / devoted to his people.



George Washington

# Interview your classmates and find out what cities they would like to visit.



	Yes	No
London		
Washington		
Rome		
București		
Moscow		
Kyiv		



# Read and learn about places in San Francisco.



**Cable cars** are very popular in San Francisco. They can easily climb the hills of the city.



The **Golden Gate Park** is a favourite place for the people of San Francisco. It is big and extends to the ocean.



The Golden Gate Bridge is the symbol of San Francisco. It is about two kilometres long. It connects the city with the Pacific Ocean.



The **crookedest street** in the world is in San Francisco. It's Lombard Street on Russian Hill. It has eight bends.



**The Grand Canyon** is one of the most beautiful places in the USA. It is in Arizona State.

beautiful – more beautiful – the most beautiful interesting – more interesting – the most interesting



#### Answer the questions.

- 1. Why are cable cars popular in San Francisco?
- 2. How long is the Golden Gate Bridge?
- 3. What is the name of the crookedest street in the world?
- 4. What is a favourite place for the people in San Francisco?
- 5. Where is the Grand Canyon?
- 6. How many bends does Lombard Street have?



# Read and say True or False.

- 1. The crookedest street has five bends.
- 2. The Golden Gate Park is very big.
- 3. Russian Hill is in New York.
- The Golden Gate Bridge is about 2 kilometers long.
- 5. Cable cars are very popular in London.

# In groups, listen to the sentences and draw the picture of the town.

### 5) Read and say what impressed Val in the USA.

Andy: How did you like the USA, Val?
Val: It's a great country, much bigger than Moldova.
Andy: What impressed you most of all?
Val: Washington, D.C., the capital of the country, is a beautiful city, but I liked San Francisco more. It is one of the most interesting cities in the USA. It was cool to ride on the cable car. And I walked along the crookedest street in the world!
Andy: Wow! Did you see the Grand Canyon?

Val: Oh, yes. It is really, really, really fantastic!

#### Follow the example and make up sentences.

Example:

The Golden Gate Park / most popular

The Golden Gate Park is the most popular place in San Francisco.

- 1. The White House / most famous
- 3. The Grand Canyon / most beautiful
- 2. Lombard Street / crookedest
- 4. Cable cars / most popular

#### Look and say what places Andy and Vicky would like to see.

	:	The Golden Gate Park			The Statue of Liberty
Andy	×	×		×	
Vicky			×	×	×





# Springtime





Vicky: Great! What can we do?

Andy: Let's make some pancakes.

**Vicky:** That's a good idea! I like pancakes and Mum will be very pleased. What do we need?

Andy: We need some flour, sugar, salt, eggs, milk, and oil.

Vicky: Do we have everything we need?

Andy: Let's see. There is a lot of flour and sugar in the cupboard.

Vicky: But there is little milk and there are few eggs in the fridge.

Andy: OK. I'll buy some eggs and milk.

Vicky: Buy some ice cream too, please. Mum is very fond of it.

Andy: You too.

# Read again and complete the chart.

some	little	few	a lot of
pancakes			

Unit 3

#### 5 Look at the picture and complete Mrs Stan's sentences.

a lot of There was much milk. many much little There is \_\_\_\_\_ milk now. Thank you There was much flour. dear children. There is \_\_\_\_\_ flour now. There were many eggs. There are \_\_\_\_\_ eggs now. There is little sugar now. There was \_\_\_\_\_\_ sugar. There was much jam. There is \_\_\_\_\_ jam now. There were no pancakes. Oh, but there are \_\_\_\_\_ pancakes now.

#### Choose and write *How many* or *How much*.

1. How <i>much</i> jam?	4 oil?	7.
2. How many oranges?	5 bananas?	8
3 ice-cream?	6 water?	9.

\_\_\_\_ pancakes? \_\_\_\_\_salt?

few

\_ milk?

#### Choose and write few or little.

- 1. We have \_\_\_\_\_ juice.
- 2. There is \_\_\_\_\_ tea in my cup.
- 3. leat \_\_\_\_\_ bread.
- 4. There are \_\_\_\_\_ cherries on the plate.

# 8 Let's learn how to make pancakes.

- 1. Break the eggs and drop them into the bowl.
- 2. Beat the eggs and add the sugar. Beat again.
- 3. Add the milk, the flour and some salt.
- 4. Mix everything.
- 5. Add the oil. Mix again.
- 6. Fry the pancakes on both sides.
- 7. Serve the pancakes with jam or ice cream.

- 5. She brought \_\_\_\_\_ pears.
- 6. There is \_\_\_\_\_ butter in the fridge.
- 7. There are \_\_\_\_\_ biscuits.
- 8. There is \_\_\_\_\_\_ sugar at home.
- 9. There are \_\_\_\_\_ apples in the basket.

#### To make pancakes you need: flour - 200 gr.

milk - 2 cups eqqs - 2sugar - I teaspoon oil - 2 spoons salt – a pinch



# Read the invitation and answer the questions.

- 1. What invitation is this?
- 2. Whose birthday is it?
- 3. How old is Andy?
- 4. When is his birthday party?
- 5. What's Andy's address?
- 6. When will the party begin?
- 7. When will the party end?



# Listen and say what Daddy and Vicky will make.

Listen again and say what Vicky will do and what father will do.

# Read and learn.

# a) How to make an invitation:

Would you like to come to my birthday party? Could you come to my birthday party? Would you like to go to the theatre?



# b) How to accept an invitation:

I'll come. Thank you. Thank you very much. What a nice idea! Sure, I'd love to come.

c) How to refuse an invitation:
 I'm sorry, I can't.
 I'm sorry, I'm busy.
 I'd love to, but I am busy.

# **Making invitations**







#### 3 Read and learn how to thank someone for a present.

Sandy: Happy birthday, Andy! Here's a present for you.Andy: Thank you very much. Oh, it's a set of Lego. It's just what I wanted.Sandy: I'm glad you like it.

**Stacy:** I have a parrot for you. His name is Ricky. **Andy:** What a surprise! Thank you so much. I will teach him to talk.

Nick: And I have a book for you.

**Andy:** Wow! It's *Treasure Island*. I like reading adventure stories. Thank you so much.



# Do you know that...

... in Great Britain and the USA children often celebrate their birthdays with birthday parties. They usually play games, wear special paper hats, eat birthday cake and sing a special song called "Happy Birthday to You".

Let's talk.	Here is a for you.	Thank you.	lt
L			τ



Choose the correct form and read Andy's message.

New Message	_ *×
То	Cc Bcc
Subject	

#### Dear Alex,

Thank you very much for your present. It *is / was* a real surprise. What a pity that you *can / could* not come.

I have/had a wonderful birthday party. It starts/started at one in the afternoon and finishes / finished at four in the afternoon. My best friends come / came with presents. It is / was a beautiful day and we play / played outside. Then we watch / watched Harry Potter.

Love,

Andy





#### Write five sentences about what you did last weekend.



# Can you ask for things? What do you say in the following situations:

You don't have a pen. Ask for it. You need help from the teacher. Ask for it. your homework. Ask for help.

You don't know how to do

#### Can you say what their favourite sports are?

	۲			
Sandy	×	×		×
Kate		×	×	×



#### 3) Can you choose the right form?

- 1. The lion is *the \_\_\_\_\_\_ (strong)* animal.
- 2. July is \_\_\_\_\_ (hot) than March.
- 3. The \_\_\_\_\_ (long) night is in December.
  - 4. February is the \_\_\_\_\_ (short) month.
    - 5. Jane is a \_\_\_\_\_ (good) friend.
    - 6. Moldova is \_\_\_\_\_ (small) than England.

#### 4 Can you match the parts of the sentences?

- 1. The crookedest street in • a) is like a country to the people the world
  - of San Francisco.
- 2. The Golden Gate Bridge
- 3. The Golden Gate Park
- 4. The Statue of Liberty
- b) has eight sharp bends.
- c) is the symbol of San Francisco.

\_\_\_\_ you like

to come to my

I can't.

I'll come.

- d) stands on an island.
- 5) Can you complete the sentences to make and accept / refuse an invitation?
  - Complete the sentences.



# Time for self-assessment

1. I can write three sentences about what I share with my friends.		
2. I can read and say <i>True</i> or <i>False</i> .	<ul> <li>This is the season</li> <li>When snowdrops bloom,</li> <li>When nobody likes</li> <li>To stay in the room.</li> <li>This is the season</li> <li>When birds make their nests,</li> <li>This is the season</li> <li>We all like best.</li> </ul> a. The poem is about autumn. b. Nobody likes to stay in the room <ul> <li>in spring.</li> <li>c. Nobody likes spring.</li> </ul>	
3. I can ask questions using <i>How many</i> or <i>How much</i> .	How many?	



Unit 4







hairdresser



farmer



pilot

tailor

driver

# Listen and write down the names of professions.



# Read and say what parents do.

What do parents do all day? Parents work while children play. Tailors make the clothes men wear. Hairdressers cut our hair. Bakers make cakes and pies,

Farmers grow **wheat** and **rice**. Teachers teach to read and spell. Doctors keep all people well. Parents write and parents sing, Parents can do everything.

# Read again and answer the questions.

- 1. Who makes clothes for men?
- 2. What do hairdressers do?
- 3. Do bakers make toys?
- 4. Who grows wheat and rice?
- 5. What do doctors do?
- 6. Who teaches children to read and write?
- 7. What can parents do?



# Choose and write the missing words.

pilot farmers baker tailor musician driver hairdresser

- 1. Eugen Doga is a famous \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ work on the farm.
- 3. My father makes tasty bread. He is a very good \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. My sister cuts and shapes hair. She is a \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. A \_\_\_\_\_ flies a plane.
- 6. My uncle John is a \_\_\_\_\_. He makes clothes.
- 7. My uncle George drives a lorry. He is a good \_\_\_\_\_.

### In pairs, complete the spidergrams.



teacher musician interesting

• Make your own spidergram with *easy*.



# In pairs talk about your parents' jobs.

- A: My father is a doctor. He keeps us well. What is your father?
- **B:** He is a tailor. He makes clothes.

Let's talk.

What do you want to be when you grow up? l want to be a .... What about you?

1 want to be a ....



NEXT TO





Let's learn.





There is a dog **between** two kennels. The dog is **in front of** the kennel.

The dog is **behind** the kennel. The dog is **next to** the kennel.

Look and say where the places in the pictures are.



BEHIND

# Listen and read. Draw a map of Andy's town.

Andy lives in an old town in the North of Moldova. His town is not very large. There are a lot of new buildings in it. There are some old churches in the town. The oldest church is on Stefan cel Mare Street. It is the main street of the town. There is a large public library in the centre. Andy's school is next to the public library. His house is behind the school. There is a post office and a new block of flats near the school. The supermarket is between the new block of flats and the post office. There is an old park in the neighbourhood. Andy and his friends often play there.

# Andy's town



Speak about your town or village.

Write four sentences about your neighbourhood.

# Unit **4**



a packet of biscuits



a loaf of bread





a bottle of water a carton of milk

Can I have a bar of chocolate, please? How much is a bar of chocolate?

Can I have five apples, please? How much are five apples?

# In groups, ask and answer the questions.

- 1. Do you like to go shopping?
- 2. When do you usually go shopping?
- 3. What do you usually buy?
- 4. What do you like to buy?
- 5. Who makes the shopping list in your family?



# Look and make a list of things you would like to buy. Compare it with your deskmate's list.



# Shopping

# Read and say how much Andy will pay.

Andy: Hello. Can I have some lemonade, please?

Shop assistant: Yes, it's on the shelf over there. Anything else?Andy: A bar of chocolate. How much is it?Shop assistant: The lemonade is 9 lei and the chocolate is 23 lei.

Andy: Good. I can buy some biscuits too. Shop assistant: They are 8 lei.



Listen to the conversation. Say what Andy wants to buy.

# Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1. How much is the pen Andy wants to buy?
- 2. How many pencils does Andy buy?
- 3. Is he polite? Why do you think so?





#### Write questions as in the example.

1. A loaf of bread?

Let's play shopping.

- 2. Two bars of chocolate?
- 3. A bottle of milk?
- 4. Five oranges?
- 5. A packet of flour?
- 6. Two bottles of water?

- How much is a loaf of bread?
  - How much are two bars of chocolate?





Great Britain England

Wales

Scotland



# In groups, study the map and discuss the answers to the questions.

- 1. What do you know about Great Britain?
- 2. What is London?
- 3. Where does it stand?
- 4. What are the names of other cities?



# Listen and say what Oxford is famous for.

# Read and agree or disagree.

Vicky: Andy, tell me something about your e-pal Alice.
Andy: Not now, Vicky. I'm doing my homework.
Vicky: Please, Andy.
Andy: OK. What do you want to know about her?
Vicky: What country does she live in? Where is it? Is it big or small?
Andy: It is not very big. It's on a big island.
Vicky: What is the name of the island?
Andy: Great Britain. It includes England, Scotland and Wales. London, the capital, is on the River Thames in England.
Vicky: How interesting!
1. Oxford is the capital of Great Britain.
2. Great Britain is a very big country.

- 3. London stands on the River Thames.
- 4. Andy's e-pal lives in Great Britain.
- 5. Great Britain is a big island.

# **Great Britain**

# In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

- 1. Does Alice live in Great Britain or in the USA?
- 2. Is Great Britain near Moldova or far from it?
- 3. Is London in England or in Scotland?
- 4. Is London on the River Thames or on the River Prut?
- 5. Are there two or three parts in Great Britain?



#### Complete the questions and answer them.





Vicky: Are post boxes *red* or *black* in Great Britain?
Andy: They are \_\_\_\_\_\_.
Vicky: Are buses blue or \_\_\_\_\_\_ in London?
Andy: They are \_\_\_\_\_\_.
Vicky: Are taxis \_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ in Great Britain?
Andy: They are \_\_\_\_\_\_.
Vicky: Are telephone boxes \_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ in Great Britain?





# Here are some notes about the Loch Ness monster. Use them to write its description.

Length about 50 metres including tail

# Neck

long and thin

# Head

half horse, half snake, small

# Body big and strong

#### Food

people say that it hunts sheep on land; it also eats plants

Tail very long

# Write questions as in the example.

Example: Is your house big or small? It is big. warm / cold tall / short easy / difficult

She lives in

Great Britain.



# Look at the picture and say what Andy does in spring.

love birds take care of birds make a bird house





# Listen to the dialogue and choose the correct sentence.

- a) Here is a letter for you.
   b) Here is a book for you.
- 2. a) Look, it's very thick.b) Look, it's very thin.

- 3. a) Let's see what's inside.b) Let's see what's outside.
- 4. a) She invites me to London.b) She invites us to London.

# Read and say where the letter is from.

Vicky: Here is a letter for you, Andy.
Andy: Is it from Val?
Vicky: No, it is from Alice. Look, it's very thick.
Andy: Is it? Let's see what's inside.
Vicky: Wow! There are so many postcards in here.
Andy: They are sights of London.
Vicky: And what does she say in her letter?
Andy: Just a minute... Oh, Vicky. She invites me to London.
Vicky: Now? In spring? What about your school?

Andy: Don't ask so many questions, Vicky. We'll talk about it later.

# Fill in the gaps with *Do/Does/Did* and answer the questions.

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ birds come back from warm or cold countries?
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ Andy take care of birds or of animals?
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ Andy or Vicky get a letter last week?
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ Andy make a bird house or a snowman last week?



# Read and learn about some places of interest in London.





The Tower of London It was a fortress and a royal palace. It is a museum now. There are a lot of interesting collections there.

**Buckingham Palace** It is the Queen's London home. When the flag is flying on the top, she is at home.



#### **Big Ben**

It is one of the most famous clocks in the world. British people hear the sound of the clock every fifteen minutes.

Talk to your deskmate about the city you would like to visit.

Write 3 sentences about the places you would like to see in London.

# **Regent's Park**

The London Zoo, one of the biggest zoos in the world, is in this park.

# Do you know that...

... Queen Elizabeth II lives and works in Buckingham Palace. She likes riding horses and driving cars.







#### In groups, discuss the answers to the questions.

- 1. What animals do you know?
- 2. How can animals be helpful?
- 3. Where do animals live?
- 4. How can we protect animals?

# Listen and say what animals Alice and Steve like.

# Read the text and say what a zoo is.

# London Zoo

Alice and her brother Steve live in London. Their house is near the zoo in Regent's Park. Alice and Steve love to go to the zoo. They are fond of animals. They can see lions, tigers, elephants, and monkeys there. They learn a lot of things about the animal world. They say a zoo is like a hotel for the animals that come from different parts of the world. Alice likes wolves and bears. Steve likes monkeys. They both like kangaroos.



# Do you know that...

...an elephant sleeps only 2–3 hours a day. This big animal needs to eat all the time. It can drink 150 litres of water at a time. This is even more than a camel can drink. (130 l).



Make a list of domestic animals and a list of wild animals. Compare your lists with your deskmate's.

Copy the grid and complete it with names of wild and domestic animals.

dangerous	fast	funny	strong	helpful
lion				



### Read the poem and learn it.

# What Animals Have Tails?

The fox has a tail And a very long one. And so has the giraffe, And so has the lion, And his tail is very fine. And the wolf, and the bear, And the dog, and the hare They all have tails.



#### Make up sentences choosing the right verbs.

*Example*: The lion / **strong** The lion is strong.

- 1. The kangaroo / in Australia
- 2. The monkey / trees
- 3. The tiger / dangerous
- 4. The giraffe / very tall
- 5. The fox / **fast** 6. The wolf / **sheep** 7. The cat / **milk** 8. The cow / **milk**

climbs	gives
runs	hunts
likes	is
is	lives



Describe your favourite animal. Write three sentences.



- 1. Do you like summer? Why?
- 2. Can you describe a summer day?

Unit **4** 

- 3. What do you like to do in summer?
- 4. Where do you usually spend your summer vacation?

# Listen. Say STOP when you hear a sentence that does not belong.

# Read and say what each family member will do.

- Shall we go for a picnic this Sunday, Daddy? Peter:
- That's a good idea. The weather is wonderful. Everyone will be Father: happy to spend a day in the forest.
- Alice: I'll help mother make some sandwiches.
- Father: I can go shopping and buy what we need.
  - **Mother:** I think I'll cook some chicken and our traditional cherry pie.
  - I'll make vegetable salad. Father, Peter: will you go and buy tomatoes, cucumbers, and green onions?
  - Father: Shall I buy a few bottles of lemonade?
  - Mother: Sure. And don't forget to buy bread and cheese.

#### In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

- 1. Who will buy vegetables? Father will.
- 2. Who will go for a picnic?
- 3. Who will go shopping?

- 4. Who will make a cherry pie?
- 5. Who will make vegetable salad?
- 6. Who will make sandwiches?





d)



Write a story about what you do after school.

**e**)





- Andy: It sounds great. Is it possible?
- **Alex:** Sure. We'll have a lot of fun together.
- Andy: I like the idea. But will our parents let us go?
- **Alex:** I think they will. A summer camp is usually in a forest, which is good for us.
- Andy: I hope I can learn how to ride a horse there.
- Alex: That's my dream too.

# Do you know that...



... Summer camps in Great Britain and the USA are usually in the countryside. At most camps the children play sports, learn how to ride horses, go hiking, go swimming, sing songs and learn about nature. Children like to go to camps because they make new friends there and live close to nature.






- 1. Yesterday I saw \_\_\_\_\_ funny monkeys at the zoo in Regent's Park.
- 2. Did you see \_\_\_\_\_ lions at the zoo?
- 3. I didn't see \_\_\_\_\_ turtles there.

- 4. Do animals at the zoo eat \_\_\_\_\_ ice-cream?
- 5. Amy gave \_\_\_\_\_ fruits to the giraffe.
- 6. We don't have <u>tigers</u> at our zoo.
- 7. Elephants drink \_\_\_\_\_ water.

#### Can you say what you will / won't do in the summer? Use the clues.

- 1. swim in the river
- 2. ski and skate
- 3. go to a summer camp
- 4. talk to a bear in the forest
- 5. play hide-and-seek in the forest
- 6. read adventure books
- 7. make sandcastles on the beach
- 8. make new friends

## **Time for self-assessment**

1. l can say what people do.	A doctor A teacher A pilot A vet	
2. I can choose the right word and read the sentences.	<ol> <li>London <i>is / isn't</i> in Great Britain.</li> <li>The Queen of England <i>lives / doesn't</i> live in London.</li> <li>Big Ben <i>is / isn't</i> in Oxford.</li> <li>Buckingham Palace <i>is / isn't</i> the Queen's home.</li> <li>The London Zoo <i>is / isn't</i> in Regent's Park.</li> </ol>	
3. I can correct the mistakes in Sandy's letter.	Dear Granny, Yesterday I <b>say</b> (1) Goodbye to all my <b>classmate</b> and teachers. I'll <b>comes</b> to see you soon. I'd like to play <b>on</b> the forest and go fishing with my old friends. We are going to the mountains <b>on</b> July. Father thinks the air is <b>gooder</b> there. Mother <b>like</b> to pick up flowers and <b>berry</b> . Love, Sandy (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)	



## **My School**

- 1. Take a sheet of paper.
- 2. Draw the picture of your school.

Project

- 3. Colour it.
- 4. Write the name of your school.
- 5. Find or draw pictures of a school canteen / library / gym.
- 6. Stick them on the paper.
- 7. Write what you do in these places.
- 8. Write what subjects you study.
- 9. Write what your favourite subject is.
- **10.** Display your project in class.



Project

## **My Big Family**

- 1. Bring separate pictures of your family members.
- 2. Stick them on a sheet of paper.
- 3. Write about your family members.
  - ✓ What are their names?
  - ✓ What do they look like?
  - ✓ How old are they?
  - ✓ What are they like?
- 4. Write what you like to do together with your family.
- 5. Display your project in class.



#### **Discover the USA**



1. In groups, think of what places in the USA you would like to visit.

Project

- 2. Find pictures of these places. Stick the pictures on your poster.
- 3. Find information about these places.
- 4. Write two sentences about each place.
- Display your poster in class.
   Say why you would like to visit the places.

Project

## **My Pet**

#### 1. Draw your pet.

#### 2. Describe your pet. Follow the questions: Where does it live?

How big or small is it? What does it eat? What can it do? Why do you like it?

#### 3. How do you take care of your pet? Do you feed it? Do you clean it? Do you play with it?

- 4. Do you have pictures of your pet? Stick them on your poster.
- 5. Display your poster in class.

## Photocopiable

# My self-assessment sheet

l can interview people about their family, pets, hobbies.		
l can agree and disagree.	Your friend is always late to school. You visited your grandparents last week.	<b>(2)</b> (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
l can say how l feel.	You want to eat. I am You want to drink You want to rest	
l can describe people.	My friend is His / Her hair is He / She has	
l can speak about my school subjects and my timetable.	My favourite subjects are 	<b>© © ©</b>
l can ask for permission.	You want to borrow your friend's pen. ?	

l can write and speak about past events.	Last Saturday I First, I Then, I Finally, I	
l can compare people and things.	February is the month. The Grand Canyon is place in the USA.	<b>© © ©</b>
l can make invitations	Would you like to?	<b>@</b>
l can accept or refuse an invitation.	Would you like to come to my birthday party? Yes, Sorry,	<b>© © ©</b>
l can ask for help.	?	
l can give advice.	Your mother is tired. <i>Mother, you</i>	
l can make suggestions	we buy some oranges too? I open the window?	

#### Unit 1

#### **Lesson One**

#### **2.** Listen and repeat.

#### Greetings

Hello! It's good to see you. I am glad to see you. Hi, how are you?

#### Responses

Good to see you too. Me too. Great, thanks. And you?

#### 6. Listen and answer the questions.

Did you have fun in the summer? Did you go to a summer camp? Did you play games? Did you swim in the lake? Did you help you grandparents? Did you go to the seaside? Did you ride your bike? Did you eat ice cream?

#### 8. Let's sing.

- l'm going back. You're going back. We're going back, back to school.
- My sister's going back,
- My brother's going back,

Even my teacher's going back to school.

Raina's going back,

Dan is going back,

Maya's going back, back to school.

It's the end of summer and for some that is a bummer

But I just can't wait, wait, wait to get back to school.

Back to school. Back to school.

I just can't wait, wait, wait to get back to school.

l ain't telling you no lies. I've got my school supplies.

And I just can't wait, wait, wait to get back to school.

Fisher's going back,

Duvan is going back,

Brooks is going back, back to school.

Jasmine's going back, Malik is going back,

Julian is going back to school.

Juan is going back,

Ella's going back,

Sophie's going back, back to school.

I've picked my first day outfit.

I wanna tell you about it

But I just can't wait, wait, wait to get back to school.

(Chorus) l've got new snazzy glasses.

I wonder where my class is?

I just can't wait, wait, wait to get back to school.

I've got a brand new lunch box.

It's gonna knock your socks off.

I just can't wait, wait, wait to get back to school.

I've got pencils and a ruler.

Won't cut like Ferris Bueller.

I just can't wait, wait, wait to get back to school.

https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=LZBcYaxK-wU

#### **Lesson Two**

#### 3. Listen and agree or disagree.

- We borrow books from the teachers' room.
- 2. We play games in the gym.
- 3. Teachers meet on the playground.
- 4. We read and write English in the gym.
- 5. We have lunch in the canteen.

# 5. Listen to the questions about your school and answer them.

- 1. Is there a computer classroom? Where is it?
- 2. Is there a canteen? Where is it?
- 3. Is there a library? Where is it?
- 4. Is there a gym? Where is it?
- 5. Is there a teachers' room? Where is it?
- 6. Is there an English classroom? Where is it?

#### **Lesson Three**

# 3. Listen to the text and answer the question.

Do you think Sandy is late now? It is 9 o'clock in the morning. The pupils are in the classroom. They are having a lesson. Andy is sitting alone. His deskmate Sandy is not in the classroom. He is usually late. He often oversleeps. When he comes to school late, he says, "I am sorry I am late." And every time he promises to come to school on time.

#### **Lesson Four**

# 4. Why is English important? Listen and choose the correct answers.

You can talk to people from different countries.

You can understand English songs.

You can find friends online. You can travel.

#### **Lesson Five**

#### 4. Listen and repeat.

What time is it? It's seven o'clock. It's seven thirty. It's seven forty-five. It's nine ten.

#### 6. Listen and say what Fred does every day.

My name is Fred. I am twelve and I live in London. I usually get up at seven o'clock. I wash and at seven thirty I have breakfast in the kitchen. I usually have tea and sandwiches for breakfast. But sometimes I have cereal and orange juice. At eight o'clock I pack my bag for school. My house is near the school, so I usually walk there. School starts at eight thirty and then we have two lessons until ten fifteen. After a break we have two lessons more and then lunchtime. We have two more lessons after lunch. We finish school at three thirty.

#### **Lesson Six**

# 2. Look at the picture, listen and say Yes or No.

This is Sam's school library. There aren't any children in the library. There are some books on the shelves. There aren't any girls in the library. There are some teachers in the library.

#### 4. Listen and read. Say why Andy is sorry.

**Andy:** Guess what I have, Vicky! **Vicky:** Is it a puzzle?

- **Andy:** No, it's a book. It's *Alice in Wonderland* by Lewis Carroll. He is an English writer.
- Vicky: There are some beautiful pictures in it. Look, there is a rabbit in white gloves. How funny!
- **Andy**: Yes, it is. It's a pity we don't have any English books at home.

Vicky: Let's buy some.

#### 6. Listen. What word is missing?

I don't know why people don't like **reading**? I can learn a lot when I read. I read because I like to learn new words and bigger words. I really like the word 'gigantic'.

If you don't like reading you don't have any fun.

Reading makes me happy because I can learn a lot about the world.

I feel very happy when I read and I don't want to stop.

• Listen again and say why the children like reading.

#### Unit 2

#### **Lesson One**

**3.** Listen to the song. Choose the correct answer.

#### 4. Listen to the song *The Family Tree*.

The family tree, the family tree We are all part of the family tree. I am a grandson and a cousin. I am a nephew and a son. I am a brother and I am ME. The family tree, the family tree. Can you find me on the family tree? I have two sisters, look and see. Can you find me on the family tree? I am a granddaughter and a cousin. I am a daughter and a niece. I am a sister and I am ME. The family tree, the family tree. Can you find me on the family tree? I have three cousins, look and see. Can you find me on the family tree? A family tree, a family tree. Can you find me on the family tree? We are a happy family. We are all part of the family tree.

https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=x0mnJpty78E

#### 5. Listen and check.

We are sister and brother. We help our mother. And we go to school. When she washes or cooks. We help one another. Together with father. This is a good rule. We like to read books.

#### **Lesson Four**

#### 4. Listen and complete Egor's profile.

- **Andy:** This is a picture of my friend Egor. He is eleven.
- Vicky: Where does he live?
- Andy: He lives in Chisinau.
- Vicky: What is his hobby?
- Andy: He likes playing chess. Everybody in his family likes it.
- Vicky: I like his blond hair. Does he have blue eyes?
- **Andy:** Yes, he has big blue eyes and a round face.

#### **Lesson Seven**

#### 2. Listen and decorate your Christmas tree.

Let's decorate the Christmas tree, the Christmas, the Christmas tree. Let's decorate the Christmas tree, you and me. Star, star. Candy cane, candy cane. Angel, angel. Monkey, monkey? Let's decorate the Christmas tree, the Christmas, the Christmas tree. Let's decorate the Christmas tree, you and me. Bell, bell. Snowman, snowman. Ribbon, ribbon. Pizza, pizza? Let's decorate the Christmas tree, the Christmas, the Christmas tree. Let's decorate the Christmas tree, you and me. Let's decorate the Christmas tree, the Christmas, the Christmas tree. Let's decorate the Christmas tree, you and me. You and me.

https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=d9NhxADj5fw

#### **Lesson Six**

# 2. Listen and say what the doctor recommends.

**Doctor:** Hello, what's wrong?

- **Sandy:** I have a sore throat. I am sneezing and coughing all the time.
- **Doctor:** You should take this medicine. You should stay in bed and you shouldn't go out.

#### Unit 3

#### Lesson One

# **3.** Listen and say what the children are sharing.

My cousin and I like reading. We often share books.

My grandparents have some apple trees in their garden. They usually share apples with everyone.

John has a lot of toys. He likes to share them.

My uncle travels a lot. He shares his impressions with us.

#### **Lesson Four**

#### 5. Listen and choose the right word.

George Washington became the first president of the USA in 1789. All his men respected him. He was a great leader. He was honest and devoted to his people.

#### **Lesson Five**

# 4. In groups, listen to the sentences and draw the picture of the town.

- 1. Our town stands on some hills.
- 2. We live on a **crooked** street.
- 3. It has three **bends**.
- 4. Our yard is large and has an old **gate**.
- 5. Our garden **extends** to the river.
- 6. There is a small **bridge** over the river.
- 7. The water tower near the river **impresses** everyone.
- 8. It is the **symbol** of our town.

#### **Lesson Six**

# 2. Listen to the legend and say what it is about.

Spring came with warm days, and flowers. The first snowdrop appeared from under the snow.

But cold winter didn't want to go away. It attacked the snowdrop with snowflakes and winds.

The good Fairy fought winter. A drop of her blood fell on the flower. One petal became red.

The red-and-white snowdrop smiled at the Fairy and at the sun.

Mărțișor became the symbol of spring. People wear red and white mărțișoare when spring comes.

#### **Lesson Eight**

# 2. Listen and say what Daddy and Vicky will do.

Daddy: Can you help me, Vicky?

Vicky: Sure, Daddy.

**Daddy:** Let's make invitations for Andy's birthday.

Vicky: Oh, great! What do we need for it?

Daddy: Coloured paper, scissors and pencils.

Vicky: I can draw flowers.

Daddy: And I will write the text.

Vicky: Let's start!

# 3. Listen and say what Vicky will do and what father will do.

#### **Lesson Nine**

#### 2. Listen and check.

My birthday is on Sunday. I am going to have guests. So, I have a lot of work to do on Saturday. My mother promised to make cookies and I am going to help her. I am going to decorate my room. Father and I are going to do shopping. I am not going to ride my bike.

#### Unit 4

#### **Lesson One**

2. Listen and write down the names of professions.

What do parents do all day? Parents work while children play. Tailors make the clothes men wear. Hairdressers cut our hair. Bakers make cakes and pies, Farmers grow wheat and rice. Teachers teach to read and spell. Doctors keep all people well. Parents write and parents sing, Parents can do everything.

#### **Lesson Two**

3. Listen and read. Draw a map of Andy's town.

Andy lives in an old town in the North of Moldova. His town is not very large. There are a lot of new buildings in it. There are some old churches in the town. The oldest church is on Ștefan cel Mare Street. It is the main street of the town. There is a large public library in the centre. Andy's school is next to the public library. His house is behind the school. There is a post office and a new block of flats near the school. The supermarket is between the new block of flats and the post office. There is an old park in the neighbourhood. Andy and his friends often play there.

#### **Lesson Three**

# 5. Listen to the conversation. Say what Andy wants to buy.

Andy: Can I have a nice pen, please? Shop assistant: What about this one? It's twenty-five lei.

Andy: I'm afraid I don't have so much money.Shop assistant: Well, this one is 12 lei.Andy: That's better.

And I need some pencils too.

**Shop assistant:** There are ten pencils in this packet.

Andy: But I only want two.

Shop assistant: Here you are. That's 4 lei.

Andy: Here is the money. Thank you.

**Shop assistant:** Thank you.

#### 6. Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1. How much is the pen?
- 2. How many pencils does Andy buy?
- 3. Is he polite? Why do you think so?

#### **Lesson Four**

#### 3. Listen and say what Oxford is famous for.

Great Britain is in Europe. It includes England, Scotland, and Wales. London is the capital city. It stands on the river Thames. Other big cities are Liverpool, Manchester and Oxford. Oxford is famous for its university and bikes. A lot of people travel around by bike there. Great Britain has ten national parks.

#### **Lesson Five**

- 2. Listen to the dialogue and choose the correct sentence.
- Vicky: Here is a letter for you, Andy.
- **Andy:** Is it from Val?
- Vicky: No, it is from Alice. Look, it's very thick.
- Andy: Is it? Let's see what's inside.
- Vicky: Wow! There are so many postcards in here.
- Andy: They are sights of London.
- Vicky: And what does she say in her letter?
- Andy: Just a minute... Oh, Vicky. She invites me to London.
- Vicky: Now? In spring? What about your school?
- **Andy:** Don't ask so many questions, Vicky. We'll talk about it later.

#### **Lesson Six**

**3.** Listen and say what animals Alice and Steve like.

#### London Zoo

Alice and her brother Steve live in London. Their house is near the zoo in Regent's Park. Alice and Steve love to go to the zoo. They are fond of animals. They can see lions, tigers, elephants, and monkeys there. They learn a lot of things about the animal world. They say a zoo is like a hotel for the animals that come from different parts of the world. Alice likes wolves and bears. Steve likes monkeys. They both like kangaroos.

#### **Lesson Seven**

# 2. Listen. Say STOP when you hear a sentence that does not belong.

It is difficult to think about lessons in May. The days are warm and sunny. The yellow and orange leaves are falling down. The trees and the grass are green. Flowers are in blossom. The snowflakes are falling down. It is great fun to play in the forest, swim in the river and go for a picnic! There is white snow everywhere. Each May day brings you closer to the summer vacation. Are you ready for fun?

#### **Pancake Day**

Pancake Day is a merry and tasty holiday in England. It is usually in March. They celebrate Pancake Day not only at home, but at school as well. On this day people make and eat a lot of pancakes. They also run with them.

In some villages and towns in England pancake races take place every year. There are special rules about pancake races: housewives should wear aprons, and put on hats or scarves on their heads. They run about 410 meters.



A bell rings twice before the race. With the first bell the women make their pancakes. With the second bell they start running with a pancake in a frying-pan. While running the race, they toss the pancake three times and catch it back on the frying-pan. If the pancake falls down, the runner may pick it up and toss it again. The other members of the families watch the runners and cheer: "Run, Mum, run, run quickly!"

1 You will find these wo	rds in the Vo	ocabulary:	
pancake	wato	:h	while
merry	apro	n	toss
as well	bell		catch
race	ring		cheer
take place	fryin	g-pan	twice
<ul><li>2 Choose the correct wo</li><li>1. Pancake Day is a</li></ul>	-		
a) cold	b) merry	c) sad	
2. On this day people		with pancakes.	
a) dance	b) sing	c) run	
3. Pancake races take	place in	•	
a) Moldova	b) Italy	c) England	

4	. There are		rules a	about par	icake races.	
	a) no	b)	special		c) funny	
5	. A bell rings		befo	ore the rac	ce.	
	a) two times	b)	) three tii	mes	c) four times	
6	. While running	, they to	oss the pa	ancake		_ times.
	a) two	b)	three		c) four	
S	Say what word is missing in each sentence.					
	eat	tasty	towns	school	catch	scarves
1.	. Pancake Day is	s a merry	y and		holiday.	
2.	. People make a	and		_ pancak	es.	
3.	. They celebrate	e Pancak	e Day at	home and	d at	·•
4.	. In some village	es and $\_$		pano	cake races t	ake place every year.
5.	. Runners shoul	d put or	n hats or		on the	eir heads.
6.	. They toss the <sub>l</sub>	pancake	and		$\_$ it back or	n the frying-pan.

#### **The Farmer's Treasure**

Once upon a time there was a farmer. He was very ill and had only a short time to live. He was not a rich man. He worked hard all his life. But his sons were very lazy and didn't like to work in the fields.

He called his sons to his bed and said, "My sons, I shall die very soon and you will be alone on this farm.



I leave a treasure. Find it yourselves in one of the fields".

Soon the farmer died. His sons wanted to find the treasure very much, and though they were lazy they went to the fields to dig. They dug all over the fields, but they did not find any treasure there. They were very tired and angry at first. But when they planted wheat it was much easier for them.

The harvest was very rich and they sold it and got a good sum of money. So now they understood what their father's treasure was.

You will find these work work hard lazy die treasure	rds in the Voca	abulary: alone harvest money understand
2 Choose the correct and	swer to compl	ete the sentences.
1. The farmer was not	a	man.
a) poor	b) rich	c) hungry
2. The farmer's sons w	ere	
a) happy	b) lazy	c) sleepy
3. The farmer left a	te	o his sons.
a) treasure	b) car	c) cow
4. The sons planted	ö	and got rich harvest.
a) trees	b) wheat	c) tomatoes
5. The brothers got m	uch	•
a) potatoes	b) money	c) fields

## In the text, find opposites to the following words:

healthy energetic poor to live long

#### **Correct the sentences.**

- 1. Once upon a time there was a king.
- 2. His sons liked to work in the fields.
- 3. The farmer left a big house to his sons.
- 4. The sons dug the garden and found the treasure.
- 5. They planted apple seeds and got a poor harvest.

## **The Cupboard**

I know a little cupboard, With a tiny, tiny key, And there's a jar of lollipops For me, me, me.

And when I'm very good, my dear, As good as good can be, There's cherry cake and lollipops For me, me, me.

## **Black and Gold**

Everything is black and gold, Black and gold tonight: Yellow pumpkins, yellow moon, Yellow candlelight;

Jet-black cat with golden eyes, Shadows black as ink, Firelight blinking in the dark With a yellow blink.

## Which Piece Is Mine?

The cat and the rabbit are good friends. One day in the wood they find a big piece of cheese. They like cheese very much.

**Cat:** You cut the cheese into two pieces. Then we'll each have a piece.

**Rabbit:** I'll make the pieces the same size. (*He cuts the cheese into two pieces. But one piece is a little bigger than the other.*)

**Cat:** (taking the bigger piece) I'll take this piece.

Rabbit: Don't take it. I want this piece. (The Fox walks by.)

**Rabbit:** Dear Fox, we have two pieces of cheese. I want the bigger piece. The cat wants the bigger piece too. Which piece is mine?

**Fox:** I'll help you. I'll bite the bigger piece so they will be the same size. (She bites the cheese, but she bites off too much.)

Cat: Now the other piece is bigger!

Fox: That's all right. I'll bite it too. (But she bites off too much again.)

Rabbit: Now the first piece is bigger again.

**Fox:** I'll bite it again. Then they will be the same size. (*This time she eats up the first piece. Then, as there is only one piece left, she eats it. The cat and the rabbit get nothing.*)

## The Lion's Den

**Lion:** You are all my good friends. I want you to tell me how my den smells.

**Dog:** Oh Lion, I am your good friend, and I am not afraid to tell you. Your den smells bad.

**Lion:** GRRRRR! You are not a very good friend. How can you say that my den smells bad? Get out and don't come back, or I'll eat you up!

Monkey: What a fool! I am your friend, King



Lion, and I'll tell you how your den smells. It smells like flowers.

Lion: GRRRRR! You bad monkey! You are a fool too! Get out and don't come back, or I'll eat you up!

Lion: And how do you think my den smells?

Fox: Well, King Lion, I can't tell. I have a bad cold, and I can't smell anything.

**Lion:** You are very clever, my friend. You have saved both my feelings and your own skin.

## A Summer Day

Come, my children, come away, For the sun shines bright today; Little children, come with me, Birds and brooks and flowers see Get your hats and come away, For it is a pleasant day. Let us make a merry ring, Talk and laugh, and dance and sing! Quickly, quickly, come away, For it is a pleasant day.

## Spring

This is the season When snowdrops bloom, When nobody likes To stay in the room.

This is the season When birds make their nests, This is the season We all like best.

#### Solomon Grundy

Born on Monday, Christened on Tuesday, Married on Wednesday, Took ill on Thursday,

Worse on Friday, Died on Saturday, Buried on Sunday. This is the end of Solomon Grundy.

#### **The Christmas Dog**

One day Ronnie was rather a naughty boy. He pulled his old toys out of the cupboard on to the floor, and refused to pick them up when his mother told him to.

"Very well", said his mother, "Father Christmas will not leave any presents this year, because a naughty boy lives here."

Ronnie did not like that. He was counting the days to Christmas. Ronnie began to cry and rub his eyes angrily.

"Don't you want Father Christmas to come to you this year?" a voice said, and to Ronnie's surprise, his toy little white dog stood in front of him.

"Of course I do!" said Ronnie, "But I thought you were a toy!"

"I am a fairy toy", replied the dog, "I am a model of Father Christmas's own white dog. Father Christmas sent me to find out how many children deserve new toys. The naughty, disobedient ones are left until last, and sometimes left out altogether".

"Oh, dear", said Ronnie sadly. Then smiling at the toy dog, he said: "I probably was a good boy last year, because Father Christmas left You on my bed".

"Well, why not be a good boy now? And tidy up your toy cupboard before your mother comes back. Come, I will help you."

The little dog then helped Ronnie to pick up everything and soon his room was tidy again.

When Ronnie's mother came back she looked very pleased. Ronnie knew that the dog became a toy again. He hugged him tightly and looked out of the window. He saw a real white dog who trotted past the house. "Hurrah!" shouted Ronnie excitedly. "Look, there is Father Christmas's dog. I do believe he means to give me a good present."



#### **Four Little Words**

There are four little words That can help you a lot, When you hurt your friend On purpose or not.

#### **Spring Rain**

Rain, rain, rain, April rain, You are feeding seeds and grain, You are raising plants and crops With your gaily sparkling drops. So say the four words, Don't wait too long! If you've hurt your friend Say 'I'm sorry, I'm wrong'.

#### Snow

The snow fell softly all the night. It made a blanket soft and white. It covered houses, flowers and ground, But did not make a single sound!

#### **How Many?**

How many seconds in a minute? Sixty and no more in it.

How many minutes in an hour? Sixty for the sun and shower.

How many hours in a day? Twenty-four for work and play.

> How many days in a week? Seven both to hear and speak.

> > How many months in a year? Twelve the almanac makes clear.

> > > How many years in an age? One hundred says the sage.

> > > > How many ages in time? No one knows the rhyme.



#### **White Fields**

In winter time we go Walking in the fields of snow; Where there is no grass at all; Where the top of every wall, Every house and every tree Is as white, as white can be. And our mothers Always know By our footprints in the snow Where the children go.

#### **Family and friends**

Little pictures Hang above me. Pictures of the folks Who love me.

Mom and Dad And Uncle Jack They love me, I love them back.

by J. Stephens

#### **Holding Hands**

Elephants walking Along the trails Are holding hands By holding tails.

Trunks and tails Are handy things When elephants walk In Circus rings. Elephants work And elephants play, The elephants walk And feel so gay.

And when they walk It never fails – They're holding hands By holding tails.

by L.M. Link



## **Phonics**

a /ei/name, skatea /æ/cat, have, has, parrot, family, van, attacka /æ/ball small tall talk walk salt	
cal, have, has, partor, rainiy, van, actack	1
$\mathbf{a}$ /o <sup>+</sup> / ball small tall talk walk salt	
<b>a</b> / ɔ: / ball, small, tall, talk, walk, salt	
<b>a</b> /α:/ father, basket	
a / p / what	
a /eə/ parent	
ai /ei / paint, train, trainers	
Aaair /eə /chair, hair, fairy, hairdresser	
ar / a: / car, garden, smart, park, yard, farmer, garlic	
are /eə / share	
<b>au</b> /α: / aunt	
au / ɔ: / autumn, because	
ay /er / May, day, play	
a(r) /ɔ:/ walk, water, warm, wall	
aw /ɔ:/ saw	
e /i: / he, she, me, we	
e ∕e∕ bed, desk, pen, pencil, ten, seven, shelf, red	
ea /i: / eat, read, season, please, teacher, Easter	
ea /ei/ great	
ee /i: / green, three, tree, sixteen, sleep, week, knee, n	neet,
Eeer /ə/green, mee, mee, mee, mee, mee, mee, mee,	
ear /ə/ ear, earmuffs, dear, near, appear, hear	
ear /eə / wear	
eau /ju: / beautiful	
<b>ew</b> /ju: / few, new	
i /ai / I, like, bike, bright, fight, night, white, behind, f	find
i /1/ it, sit, big, his, sister	
ie /e/ friend, friendly	
li io/aə/ lion	
ir / 3: / birthday, thirteen, first, third, girl, shirt, skirt	
iou /ə/ religious	

## **Phonics**

	ο/Λ/	brother, mother, love, lovely, monkey, honey,onion
	<b>o</b> /ɒ/	dog, long, strong
	<b>o</b> /əʊ /	no, old, hello, so, robot
	oa /əʊ/	throat
	<b>oo</b> /u:/	cool, too, school, roof, room, balloon, hoover, afternoon,
	<b>oo</b> /u:/	bloom
	<b>00</b> /ʊ/	book, good, look, football
	oor / ɔ: /	door, floor
	or /ɔ: /	short, shorts
Oo	ore / ɔ: /	before, sore
	<b>ou</b> /aʊ /	house, blouse, trousers mouth, mouse, count, outside,
	<b>ou</b> /aʊ /	around, cloud, cloudy, out, ground, mountain
	ou /ə/	favourite, generous
	ou /ʌ/	double, country, cousin
	ou /əʊ/	shoulder
	our/ə/	colour, colourful
	our / ɔ: /	four
	ow /aʊ /	brown, down, how, now, tower, flower, town
	<b>0</b> ₩ /əʊ /	slow, know, bowl, borrow, grow, show
	<b>u</b> /ju: /	pupil, music
	<b>u</b> /u:/	ruler, blue, rule
Uu	u /ʌ/	funny, puzzle, up, under, run, runny
	<b>ue</b> /ju: /	Tuesday
	<b>ur</b> /3:/	church, Thursday
	<b>y</b> /ai /	my, rhyme, bye
	<b>y</b> /j /	yes, you, your, yellow
V	<b>y</b> /i/	funny, pretty, many, twenty, family, duty, gym
Yy	<b>yar</b> /jα:/	yard, backyard
	you ∕j∧∕	young
	<b>you</b> /ju: /	you
	your /jɔ:/	your

c	/s/ /k/	face, nice, juice, exercise, medicine cat, comb, class, classmate, carrot	
cious cial cian	/ʃəs/ /ʃl/ /ʃn/	delicious special musician	
ch ch	/t∫/ /k/	cheese, sandwich, chips, cherry, childhood school, technology	
ck	/k/	pick, backpack, black, snack, back, chicken, thick	
dge	/dʒ/	sledge, hedgehog, bridge, fridge	
g	/dʒ/ /g/	age, gym, large, orange, vegetable, village, cabbage get, give, garden, great, green, good, big	
gh	/f/	cough,	
j	/d3/	jeans, jump, jam, job	
ng	/ŋ/	evening, morning, sing, spring, beginning, boxing	
ph	/f/	elephant, physical, nephew	
qu	/kw/	quiet, quince, queen	
S	/s/ /ʃ/	sport, story, surprise sugar, sure	
sh	/ʃ/	English, share, show, wash, brush, short	
tch	/t∫/	Kitchen, match	
th	/0/ /ð/	thank, think, three, third, thirteen, Thursday the, they, their, this, that, these, brother, father, mother	
tue ture	/t∫u:/ /t∫ə/	statue picture	
tion	/ʃn/	decoration, competition, information	
tre	/tə/	centre, theatre, metre	
x	/ks/	next, six, sixteen, sixty, mix, extend	

# List of irregular verbs:

- be was/were
- begin began
  - can could
- come came
  - do did
  - fall fell
- fight fought
- get up got up
  - give gave

- go went
- have had
- make made
  - say said
  - see saw
  - send sent
    - sit sat
  - take took
- wake up woke up

## List of proper names

Great Britain	/,greit 'britn/		
England	/'ıŋglənd/		
Scotland	/'skɒtlənd/		
Wales	/'weilz/		
London	/'lʌndən/		
The Thames	/ðə temz/		
The USA	/,ju:es'eɪ/		
Los Angeles	/lɒs'ændʒələs/		
New York	/,nju: 'jɔ:k/		
San Francisco	/,sæn frən'siskəʊ/		
Washington	/'wɒʃɪŋtən/		
Arizona	/,ærī'zəʊnə/		
Alaska /	/ə'læskə/		

Rhode Island /'rəʊd ,aılənd/ Westminster Abbey /,westminstər 'æbi/ The Statue of Liberty /'stætʃu: əv 'lıbəti/ The Golden Gate Bridge /,gəʊldən 'gert 'brɪdʒ/ The Golden Gate Park /,gəʊldən 'gert 'pɑːk/ The Grand Canyon /,grænd 'kənjən/ Loch Ness Monster /,lɒkness 'mɒnstə/

**Aa** / eɪ /

address /ə'dres/	adresă	адрес
adventure /əd'vent∫ə/	aventură	приключение
alone /ə'ləʊn/	singur	один
apricot /'eiprikot/	caisă	абрикос
appear /ə'pɪə/	a apărea	ПОЯВЛЯТЬСЯ
<b>apron</b> /'eɪprən/	şorţ	передник
as well /əz 'wel/	precum şi	также
attack /ə'tæk/	a ataca	атаковать,
		нападать
attachment /ə'tætjmənt/	document anexat	приложение
aunt /a:nt/	mătuşă, tanti	тётя

**Bb** / bi: /

<b>back to</b> /'bæk tu/	din nou la, înapoi	снова, обратно
<b>backyard</b> /'bækjɑ:d/	curte sau grădină în spatele casei	задний двор
<b>baker</b> /'beɪkə/	brutar	пекарь, булочник
bar (of chocolate) /ba:(r)/	bucată (de ciocolata)	плитка (шоколада)
barefoot /'beəfʊt/	desculţ	босой; босиком
<b>basket</b> /'ba:skit/	COŞ	корзина
bear /beə/	urs	медведь
beet /bi:t/	sfeclă	свекла
<b>before</b> /bɪ'fɔ:(r)/	înaintea	впереди; перед
beginning /bɪˈɡɪnɪŋ/	început	начало
<b>behind</b> /bi'haınd/	în spate, în urmă	сзади, позади
<b>bell</b> /bel/	clopoţel	ЗВОНОК
<b>bend</b> /bend/	cotitură	сгиб, изгиб
<b>between</b> /bɪ'twi:n/	între	между

biscuit /'biskit/	biscuit	печенье
<b>birth</b> /bɜ:θ/	naștere	рождение
<b>bloom</b> /blu:m/	floare; a înflori	цвет; цветение
blood /blad/	sânge	кровь
blush /blʌʃ/	a roși	краснеть
<b>bowl</b> /bəʊl/	strachină	чаша (миска)
<b>box</b> /boks/	cutie	коробка
/vbprəv/	a împrumuta	занимать
bottle /'bptl/	sticlă, butelie	бутылка
<b>boxing</b> /bɒksiŋ/	box	бокс
bread /bred/	pâine	хлеб
bridge /brid3/	pod	MOCT
<b>bring</b> /brɪŋ/	a aduce	приносить
<b>brook</b> /brʊk/	pârâu	ручей
<b>building</b> /'bildıŋ/	clădire	постройка
<b>butter</b> /'bʌtə(r)/	unt	масло
butterfly /'bʌtəflaɪ/	fluture	бабочка

# **CC** / si: /

cabbage /'kæbid3/	varză	капуста
cable car /'keibl ka:/	tramvai	трамвай
camp /'kæmp/	tabără	лагерь
camera / 'kæmərə/	aparat de fotografiat	фотоаппарат
candle /'kændl/	lumânare	свеча
<b>candy cane</b> /'kændi kem/	caramelă (în formă de bastonaş)	леденец
canteen /kæn'ti:n/	cantină	столовая

carefree /'keəfri:/	fără griji	беззаботный
<b>carol</b> /'kærəl/	colindă	рождественский гимн
<b>carry</b> /'kæri/	a purta, a duce	нести
<b>carton</b> /'kɑ:tn/	cutie de carton	картонная коробка
<b>catch</b> /kæt∫/	a prinde	поймать
<b>cheer</b> /t∫ıə/	a încuraja	ободрять
<b>cherry</b> /'tʃeri/	vişină	вишня
childhood / 'tʃaɪldhʊd/	copilărie	детство
chocolate /'tʃɒklət/	ciocolată	шоколад
clear /kliə/	clar	ясно
<b>climb</b> /klaım/	a se urca	подниматься
clothes /kləʊðz/	haine	одежда
colour (v) /'kʌlə(r)/	culoare	цвет
<b>cook (v)</b> /kʊk/	a găti, bucătar	готовить пищу, повар
cookie /'kʊki/	prăjitură	Печенье
competition /,kpmpə'tı∫n/	concurs, competiție	соревнование
cough /kpf/	tuse, a tuşi	кашель, кашлять
cousin /'kʌzn/	văr, verişor	кузен
crooked /'krokid/	cotit, întortocheat	изогнутый
cucumber /'kju:kʌmbə/	castravete	огурец
cupboard /'kʌbəd/	bufet, dulap	буфет, шкаф
curly /'kɜ:li/	creţ, buclat	кудрявый
cycling /'satklıŋ/	ciclism	велоспорт

decorate /'dekəreit/	a decora	украшать
devoted /dɪ'vəʊtɪd/	devotat, credincios	преданный

# **Dd** / di: /

## Vocabulary

die /daɪ/	a muri	умирать
dream /dri:m/	vis	СОН
dress /dres/	rochie, a îmbrăca	платье, одевать(ся)
drive /draw/	a conduce	водить
driver /'draɪvə(r)/	şofer	водитель
drop /drop/	picătură, strop	капля
(be) on duty /pn 'dju:ti/	de serviciu	дежурный

# **Ee** / ei /

end /end/	a se sfârși	кончать
eve /i:v/	ajun	канун
everybody /'evribadi/	fiecare, toţi	каждый, все
extend /ik'stend/	a extinde, a se întinde	простирать, тянуться

# **Ff** / ef /

fairy /'feəri/	zână	фея
famous /'feməs/	celebru	знаменитый
farmer /'fa:mə/	fermier	фермер
Father Christmas	Moş Crăciun	Дед Мороз
/,fa:ðə 'krısməs/		
feel sorry /,fi:l 'spri/	a fi plin de regret	сожалеть
<b>few</b> /fju:/	puţin	мало
field /fi:ld/	câmp	поле
fight /faɪt/	a se lupta	драться, сражаться
fill /fɪl/	a umple	наполнять

find /famd/	a găsi	находить
fishing /'fı∫ıŋ/	pescuit	рыбная ловля
flour /'flaʊə/	făină	мука
fly /flaɪ/	a zbura	летать
(be) fond of /bi 'fpnd əv/	a fi iubitor de	любить
forest /'fprist/	pădure	лес
forget /fə'get/	a uita	забывать
fox /fpks/	vulpe	лиса
fridge /frid3/	frigider	холодильник
friendly /'frendli/	prietenos	дружелюбный
in front of /in 'frant əv/	în față	перед
frying-pan /'frann pæn/	tigaie	сковорода
(have) fun /,həv 'fʌn/	a se distra	веселиться

## **Gg** / dʒi: /

game /geim/	јос	игра
garlic /'ga:lık/	usturoi	чеснок
gate /gent/	poartă	ворота
<b>generous</b> / 'dʒenərəs/	generos	щедрый
<b>go fishing</b> /,gəʊ 'fɪʃɪŋ/	a merge la pescuit	идти на рыбалку
<b>go hiking</b> /,gəʊ 'haɪkɪŋ/	a pleca în marş turistic	идти в поход
go out /,gəʊ 'aʊt/	a pleca	выйти
<b>go swimming</b> /,gəʊ ˈswɪmɪŋ/	a merge la înot	идти плавать
(be) good at /bi 'gʊd ət/	a fi bun la	способный к

<b>granddaughter</b> / 'grændɔ:tə(r)/	nepoată	внучка
<b>grandfather</b> / 'grænfɑ:ðə(r)/	bunic	дедушка
<b>grandmother</b> ∕ 'grænmʌðə(r)∕	bunică	бабушка
grandson / 'grænsʌn/	nepot	внук
<b>ground floor</b> /,graund 'flɔ:/	parter	первый этаж
<b>grow</b> /grəʊ/	a crește	расти
guest /gest/	oaspete	ГОСТЬ
<b>gym</b> /dʒɪm/	sală de gimnastică	спортивный зал

# **Hh** / eɪtʃ: /

hairdresser /'heədresə(r)/	coafor / coafeză	парикмахер
hang /hæŋ/	a atârna	вешать
harvest /'ha:vist/	recoltă	урожай
hazel /'herzl/	castaniu	светло-коричневый
<b>hear</b> /hiə/	a auzi	слышать
<b>helpful</b> /'helpfl/	folositor	полезный
hide-and-seek /'haɪd n 'siːk/	de-a v-ați ascunselea	(игра в) прятки
hiking /'haɪkɪŋ/	excursie făcută pe jos	пеший туризм
hill /hɪl/	deal, colină	холм
history /'hɪstəri/	istorie	история

hockey /'hpki/	hochei	хоккей
homework /'həʊmwɜ:k/	temă de acasă	домашняя работа
honey / 'hʌni/	miere	мёд
hopscotch /'hɒpskɒt∫/	şotron	классики
hot dog /'hat dag/	hot dog	хот дог
how many /,haʊ 'menɪ/	câte, câţi?	СКОЛЬКО
how much? /,haʊ 'mʌt∫/	cât	СКОЛЬКО
hug /hʌg/	a îmbrăţişa	обнимать
hurry up /,hʌrɪ 'ʌp/	a se grăbi	торопиться

**i** / a /

important /ım'pɔ:tənt/	important	важный
impress /ım'pres/	a impresiona	производить впечатление
impression /ım'pre∫n/	impresie	впечатление
inside /m'sard/	în interiorul	внутри
interesting /'intrəstin/	interesant	интересный
interrupt /,Intə'rApt/	a întrerupe	прерывать
invite /ın'vaıt/	a invita	приглашать
invitation /,Invi'teijn/	invitație	приглашение
IT (information technology) /aɪ'ti:/	informatica	информатика

## Vocabulary

**Jj** / d3e1 /

<b>jam</b> /dʒæm/	gem	джем
<b>job</b> /ძვიხ/	lucru, serviciu	работа
join /dʒəm/	a se alătura	присоединяться

## **Kk** / kei /

<b>kangaroo</b> /,kæŋgə'ru:/	cangur	кенгуру
kiss /kis/	sărut	поцелуй
knock /npk/	a bate	стучать

# **LI** / el /

lazy /'leızi/	leneş	ленивый
letter /'letə(r)/	literă, scrisoare	буква, письмо
lion /'laɪən/	leu	ЛЄВ
little (butter) /lɪtl/	puţin; mic	мало
<b>a loaf of bread</b> /ə,ləʊf əv 'bred/	o pâine	хлеб
<b>lock</b> (v) /lpk/	a încuia	запирать
locate /ləʊ'keɪt/	a găsi	определять место
look after /,lvk 'a:ftə(r)/	a avea grijă de	заботиться о
look like /'lvk laık/	a semăna cu cineva / ceva	быть похожим на
/qaqılal'/ <b>qoqillol</b>	acadea	леденец на палочке
lonely /'ləʊnli/	solitar	одинокий
lovely /'lavli/	frumos, atrăgător, încântător	красивый, прекрасный
loud /laud/	tare, puternic, răsunător	громкий

**Mm** / em /

match /mæt∫/	a potrivi	подбирать под пару
<b>maths</b> /mæθs/	matematică	математика
mashed potatoes	piure	картофельное пюре
/,mæ∫t pə'teītəʊz/		
<b>me</b> /mi:/	mie	мне
meat /mi:t/	carne	МЯСО
medicine /'medsn/	medicament	лекарство
merry /'meri/	vesel, fericit	весёлый
miserable / 'mızrəbl/	trist	жалкий
miss /mis/	a-i lipsi, a duce dorul	пропустить, скучать
mobile phone	telefon mobil	мобильный
/,məvbaıl 'fəvn/		телефон
money /'mʌni/	bani	деньги
mountain /'maʊntən/	munte	гора
<b>music</b> /'mjuzık/	muzică	музыка
<b>musician</b> /mju'zı∫n/	muzician	музыкант

**Nn** / en /

need /ni:d/	a avea nevoie	нуждаться
neighbourhood ∕'neībəhʊd∕	vecinătate	соседство
nephew /'nefju:/	nepot	племянник
<b>news</b> /'nju:z/	ştire; noutate	НОВОСТЬ
next to /nekst tə/	alături de	рядом
niece /ni:s/	nepoată	племянница
nobody /'nəʊbədi/	nimeni	НИКТО

# **00** / əʊ /

onion /'ʌnjən/	сеарă	лук
ornament /'ɔ:nəmənt/	ornament	украшение
outside /aut'saɪd/	afară	во дворе
oval /əʊvl/	oval	овальный
( <b>be) over</b> /bɪ 'əʊvə(r)/	a se termina	заканчиваться
oversleep /,əʊvə'sli:p/	a se scula prea târziu	проспать

# **Pp** / pi: /

pack /pæk/	a împacheta	укладывать
palace /'pæləs/	palat	дворец
pancake /'pænkerk/	clătită	блин
party /'pɑ:tɪ/	petrecere, serată	приём гостей, вечеринка
<b>pea</b> /pi:/	mazăre	горох
people /'pi:pl/	oameni	люди
<b>PE (physical education)</b> /pi: 'i:/	educație fizică	физическое воспитание
pepper /'pepə/	ardei	перец
petal /'petl/	petală	лепесток
pie /paɪ/	plăcintă	пирог
picnic /'pıknık/	picnic	пикник
<b>picture</b> /'pıkt∫ə/	tablou, fotografie	картина, фотография
<b>pilot</b> /'paɪlət/	aviator	лётчик
plant (v) /'pla:nt/	a planta	сажать
place /pleis/	loc	место

place (of interest) /'pleis (əv 'intrəst)/	obiectiv turistic	достопримечатель- ность
playground /'pleigravnd/	teren de joacă	площадка (для игр)
potato /pə'tertəʊ/	cartof	картофелина
present /'preznt/	cadou	подарок
(be) proud of /'praʊd əv/	(a fi) mândru de	гордиться
<b>pudding</b> /'pʊdɪŋ/	budincă	пудинг
<b>pull</b> /pʊl/	a trage	тянуть

**Rr** / a:(r) /

cursă	ГОНКИ
a ridica	поднимать
cu adevărat	действительно
rudă	роственник
religios	религиозный
ren	Олень
respectuos	вежливый
panglică	лента
orez	рис
ghicitoare	загадка
a suna	ЗВОНИТЬ
drum	дорога
regal	королевский
limba română	румынский язык
regulă	правило
guturai	насморк
	a ridica cu adevărat rudă religios ren respectuos panglică orez ghicitoare a suna drum regal limba română regulă

## Vocabulary

# **Ss** / es /

salt /so:lt/	sare	СОЛЬ
save /serv/	a păstra	сохранить
science /'saıəns/	ştiinţe	естественные науки
seed /si:d/	sămânţă	семя, зерно
<b>share</b> /∫eə/	a împărți, a împărtăși	делить (ся)
shell /ʃel/	scoică	ракушка
show /∫əʊ/	a arăta	показывать
(be) sick /sik/	(a fi) bolnav	болеть
<b>sight</b> /saɪt/	obiectiv turistic	достопримеча- тельность
sleigh /slei/	sanie (cu cai)	сани
slim /slim/	zvelt	стройный
smile /smail/	a zâmbi	улыбаться
<b>snack bar</b> /'snæk ba:(r)/	snack bar	буфет
some /sam/	câţiva, ceva	несколько
something /'s $Am\theta$ IIJ/	ceva	что-то
SON /san/	fiu	СЫН
sore throat /'sɔ:θrəʊt/	roşu în gât	больное горло
sneeze /sni:z/	a strănuta	чихать
snowdrop /'snəʊdrop/	ghiocel	подснежник
spend /spend/	a petrece (timpul)	проводить (время)
<b>statue</b> /'stæt∫u:/	statuie	статуя
stick (n) /stɪk/	băţ	палка
stocking /'stokin/	ciorap	чулок
stone /stəʊn/	sâmbure	косточка
<b>story</b> /'stɔ:ri/	poveste, istorie	рассказ, история

strawberry /'stro:bəri/	căpşună	клубника
subject /'sʌbdʒɪkt/	obiect de studiu	предмет
suddenly /'sʌdənli/	brusc	внезапно
sugar /'∫ʊgə/	zahăr	сахар
suggestion /sə'dʒest∫ən/	sugestie	СОВЕТ
(do) sums /sʌmz/	a face calcule	решать задачи
surprise /sə'praız/	surpriză	сюрприз

		<b>Tt</b> / ti: /
tailor /'teɪlə/	croitor	портной
<b>take care of</b> /,teɪk 'keə(r)əv/	a avea grijă de	заботиться
take part in /,terk 'pa:t m/	a participa la	участвовать в
take place /,terk 'plers/	a avea loc	СОСТОЯТЬСЯ
tear /tɪə/	lacrimă	слеза
technology /tek'nɒlədʒi/	tehnologie	технология
then /ðen/	apoi	тогда; потом
throat /0rəʊt/	gât	горло
tidy up /,taɪdɪ 'ʌp/	a face ordine	приводить в порядок
tiger /'taɪgə/	tigru	тигр
together /'təgeðə(r)/	îmreună	вместе
torch /tɔ:tʃ/	torță	факел
toss /tps/	a întoarce	подбрасывать
treasure /'treʒə/	comoară	сокровище
turkey /'tɜ:ki/	curcan	индюк
twice /twais/	de două ori	дважды

## **Uu** / ju: /

uncle /'ʌŋkl/	unchi	дядя
understand /,Andə'stænd/	a înțelege	понимать

# **Vv** / vi: /

village /'vılıd3/	sat	деревня, село
visit /'vızıt/	a vizita	посещать, навещать
voice /vɔɪs/	voce	ГОЛОС

## Ww / dʌblju: /

watch /wpt∫/	a privi	наблюдать
weather /'weðə/	vreme, timp	погода
weekend /,wi:k'end/	sfârşit de săptămână	уикенд
wheat /wi:t/	grâu	пшеница
while /waɪl/	în timp ce	в то время как
wide /waɪd/	larg	широкий
wonder /'wʌndə/	minune	чудо
work hard /'w3:k 'ha:d/	a lucra mult	много работать
writer /'raɪtə(r)/	scriitor	писатель

<b>Zz</b> / zed /		
<b>zip</b> /zip/	a încheia fermoarul	застегивать на молнию

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# English

**English** is a three-level course which satisfies the new National Curriculum requirements in Moldova.

- **English** encourages pupils' interaction and communication;
- Provides systematic development of grammar, vocabulary, reading, writing, listening, speaking and pronunciation, integrated throughout;
- Raises pupils' awareness of cultural diversity;
- Makes it possible to check progress in an informal way through activities which involve discovery, problem-solving, language use and creative response.

#### Each level of **English** contains:

- **The Pupil's Book** a beautifully illustrated textbook with stimulating activities that are based on child-friendly vocabulary and are pupil-oriented.
- **The Workbook** a collection of activities that mirror the Pupil's Book content and provide additional material for classroom and home use.
- The Teacher's Book a guide for teachers.

